# SAFETY DATA SHEET

MOBIL 1 SUPERCAR 0W-40



# **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : MOBIL 1 SUPERCAR 0W-40

Product description : synthetic base stocks and additives

**SDS #** : 23626

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Engine oil

**Uses advised against**: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the identified uses above.

**Supplier** : Imperial Oil Downstream

P.O. Box 2480, Station M

Calgary, ALBERTA T2P 3M9 Canada

24-Hour emergency telephone number

: 1-866-232-9563 / (800)424-9300 CHEMTREC

Product Technical

: 1-800-268-3183

Information

Supplier General Contact : 1-800-567-3776

SDS Internet Address : www.sds.exxonmobil.com

# Section 2. Hazard identification

This material is considered to be NON-HAZARDOUS according to regulatory guidelines.

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17 and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR SOR/2015-17.

Classification of the substance or mixture

: Not classified.

Note

: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
astillates, heavy, c18-50 - branched, cyclic and linear	≥60 - ≤80	CAS: 848301-69-9
1-decene, homopolymer hydrogenated	≥5 - ≤10	CAS: 68037-01-4
benzenamine, n-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	≥0.1 - ≤1	CAS: 68411-46-1
c14-16-18 alkyl phenol	≥0.1 - ≤1	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First-aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

> shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may

significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed

person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: No specific data. **Eye contact** Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few

hours after injection.

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

media

: Do not use water jet.

# Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# **Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent reignition. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

# **Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with used product.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Static Accumulator**

: This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
decene, homopolymer hydrogenated	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)
1-decene, homopolymer hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction). <b>ExxonMobil (COMPANY)</b>
solvent refined heavy paraffinic distillate	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Mineral oil, excluding
(petroleum)	metal working fluids (pure, highly and severely refined)]
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable particulate matter  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Oil]
	OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Mist.
	OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³. Form: Mist.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly
	and severely refined] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction.
solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic distillate	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Mineral oil, excluding
	metal working fluids (pure, highly and severely refined)] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable particulate matter
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Oil]
	OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Mist. OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³. Form: Mist.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly
	and severely refined] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **Individual protection measures**

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Brown

Odor : Characteristic
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

ooiling point and boiling

range

: >315.56°C (>600°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Ignitable
Lower and upper explosion
limit/flammability limit : Lower: 0.9%
Upper: 7%

Vapor pressure : <0.1 mm Hg [20 °C]

Relative vapor density : >2 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 0.841 [ASTM D4052]

Solubility in water : Negligible Partition coefficient: n- : >3.5

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

**Viscosity** : 69 cSt [40 °C] [ASTM D 445]

12.9 cSt [100 °C] [ASTM D 445]

**Particle characteristics** 

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : High energy sources of ignition. Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Inhalation : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Dermal : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Oral : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. No end point data for material.

Based on assessment of the components.

**Eyes**: May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. No end point data for material.

Based on assessment of the components.

Respiratory : Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for

material.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Skin**: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on

assessment of the components.

**Respiratory**: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. No end point data for material. Based on

assessment of the components.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment

of the components.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

## Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for material.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Target organs
MOBIL 1 SUPERCAR 0W-40	Not applicable.	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

## **Aspiration hazard**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material. Data available.

## **Other information**

**Contains** 

: Synthetic base oils: Not expected to cause significant health effects under conditions of normal use, based on laboratory studies with the same or similar materials. Not mutagenic or genotoxic. Not sensitizing in test animals and humans. Benzenamine, Nphenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (substituted DPA): Results from a supplier's extended one-generation dietary study with 10-week pre-mating administration of substituted DPA included decreased body weight and body weight gains in parental females during gestation and lactation, decreased number of implantation sites and decreased mean litter size. A representative formulation containing substituted DPA was tested in a rat oral gavage reproductive/ developmental toxicity screening study (OECD TG 421) with a 10-week pre-mating administration period. Study results included decreased body weight and body weight gain starting in pre-mating and continuing through gestation and lactation in parental females, decreased number of implantation sites and decreasing trend in litter size. A 5 wt% classification threshold for the reproductive effects of substituted DPA was derived based on the NOAEL (50 mg/kg/day) and is consistent with the NOAEL in the supplier's study.

## **Product**

: Diesel engine oils: Not carcinogenic in animals tests. Used and unused diesel engine oils did not produce any carcinogenic effects in chronic mouse skin painting studies. Oils that are used in gasoline engines may become hazardous and display the following properties: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in vitro. Possible allergen and photoallergen. Contains polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) from combustion products of gasoline and/or thermal degradation products.

# Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

## **Toxicity**

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Acute toxicity** : Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

**Chronic toxicity**: Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not determined.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not determined.

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

# **Mobility in soil Mobility**

Base oil component -- Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land.

## Other ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian lists** 

Canadian NPRI : None of the components are listed.

CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

**Inventory list** 

Australia inventory (AIIC)

Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL)

China inventory (IECSC)

Japan inventory (CSCL)

China inventory (CSCL)

All components are listed or exempted.

**Health Act)** 

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals** 

(NZIoC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)

**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory** 

(TCSI)

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

**History** 

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Not classified.

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Product code** : 201510101011 1164093

**Notice to reader** 

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# Section 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of ExxonMobil's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. You can contact ExxonMobil to insure that this document is the most current available from ExxonMobil. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that the product is suitable for the intended use. If buyer repackages this product, it is the user's responsibility to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included with and/or on the container. Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited. Except to the extent required by law, re-publication or retransmission of this document, in whole or in part, is not permitted. The term, "ExxonMobil" is used for convenience, and may include any one or more of ExxonMobil Chemical Company, Exxon Mobil Corporation, or any affiliates in which they directly or indirectly hold any interest.

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